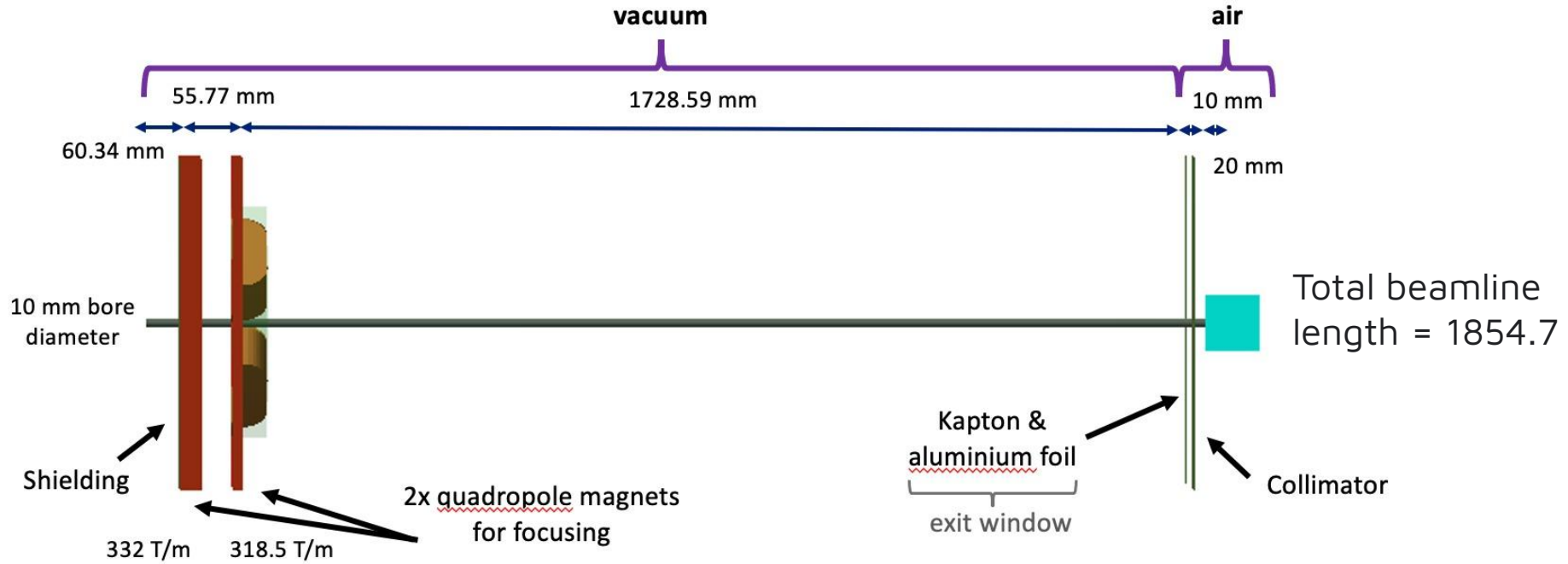


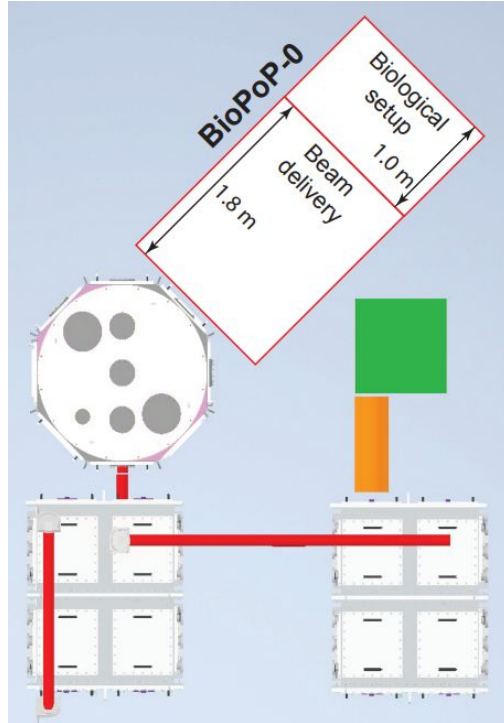
PoPLaR (Proof of Principle LhARA Radiobiology)

WP7- Proof of Principle Biological Experiment (Update 09/04/2024)

LION beamline schematic



SCAPA schematic

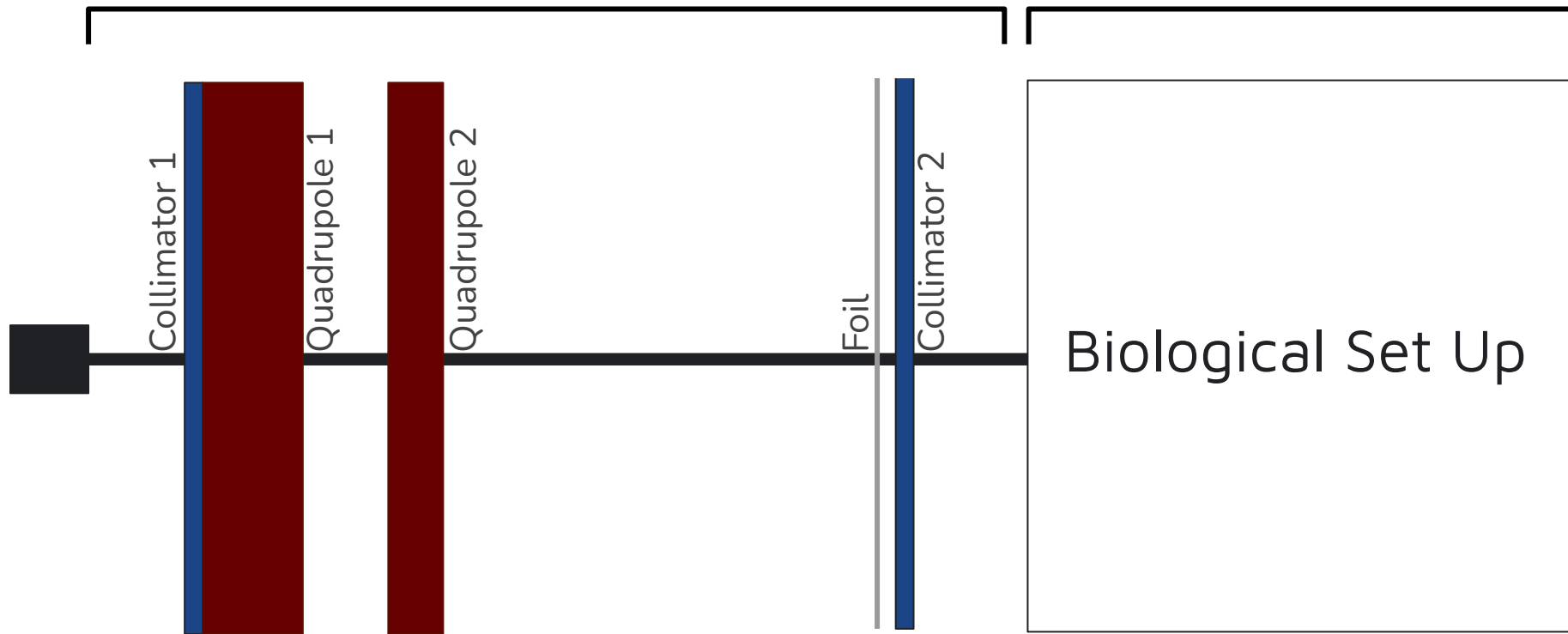


| Stage | Section | Element | Type | Parameter | Value | Unit | Comment |
|-------|----------|----------|--------------------|----------------------|-------|--------------------|--|
| 0 | Facility | Global | Name | Name | LION | | |
| 0 | Facility | Global | Reference particle | Kinetic energy | | 10 MeV | |
| 0 | Facility | Global | Vacuum chamber | Mother volume radius | | 0.5 m | |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | SourceMode | | 0 | Gaussian kinetic energy |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | SigmaX | | 0.000004 m | Gaussian width, x |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | SigmaY | | 0.000004 m | Gaussian width, y |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | Emin | | 1 MeV | Minimum of energy distribution |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | Emax | | 25 MeV | Maximum of energy distribution |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | nPts | | 1000 | Number of points to sample for integration of PDF |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | MinTheta | | 0.999691155 | Maximum theta for flat cos theta |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | Power | | 2500000000000000 W | Laser power |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | Energy | | 70 J | Laser energy |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | Wavelength | | 0.8 um | Laser wavelength |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | Duration | | 2.8E-14 s | Laser pulse duration |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | Thickness | | 0.0000004 m | Target thickness |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | Intensity | | 4E+020 W/cm2 | Laser intensity |
| 1 | Source | Source | Parameterised TN | DivAngle | | 25 degrees | Electron divergence angle |
| 1 | Capture | Drift | | Length | | 0.04118 m | Length of first drift |
| 1 | Capture | Aperture | Elliptical | RadiusX | | 0.003 m | Half aperture in x of elliptical colimator |
| 1 | Capture | Aperture | Elliptical | RadiusY | | 0.0015 m | Half aperture in y of ellipse of elliptical colimator |
| 1 | Capture | Drift | | Length | | 0 m | Gap between colimator and first quad |
| 1 | Capture | Fquad | | Length | | 0.04 m | Length of focusing quad |
| 1 | Capture | Fquad | | Strength | | 332 T/m | Strength of focusing quad |
| 1 | Capture | Aperture | Circular | Radius | | 0.005 m | Aperture of quad |
| 1 | Capture | Drift | | Length | | 0.036953 m | Gap between colimator first (F)quad and second (D)quad |
| 1 | Capture | Dquad | | Length | | 0.02 m | Length of defocusing quad |
| 1 | Capture | Dquad | | Strength | | 318.5 T/m | Strength of defocusing quad |
| 1 | Capture | Aperture | Circular | Radius | | 0.005 m | Aperture of quad |
| 1 | Delivery | Drift | | Length | | 1.6 m | Main drift from last quad to kapton/aluminium foils |
| 1 | Delivery | Drift | | Length | | 0.015 m | Drift from kapton/aluminium foils to collimator |
| 1 | Delivery | Aperture | Circular | Radius | | 0.0015 m | Collimator before "end station" |
| 1 | Delivery | Drift | | Length | | 0.02 m | Final drift |

PoPLaR Set-Up

1.8m

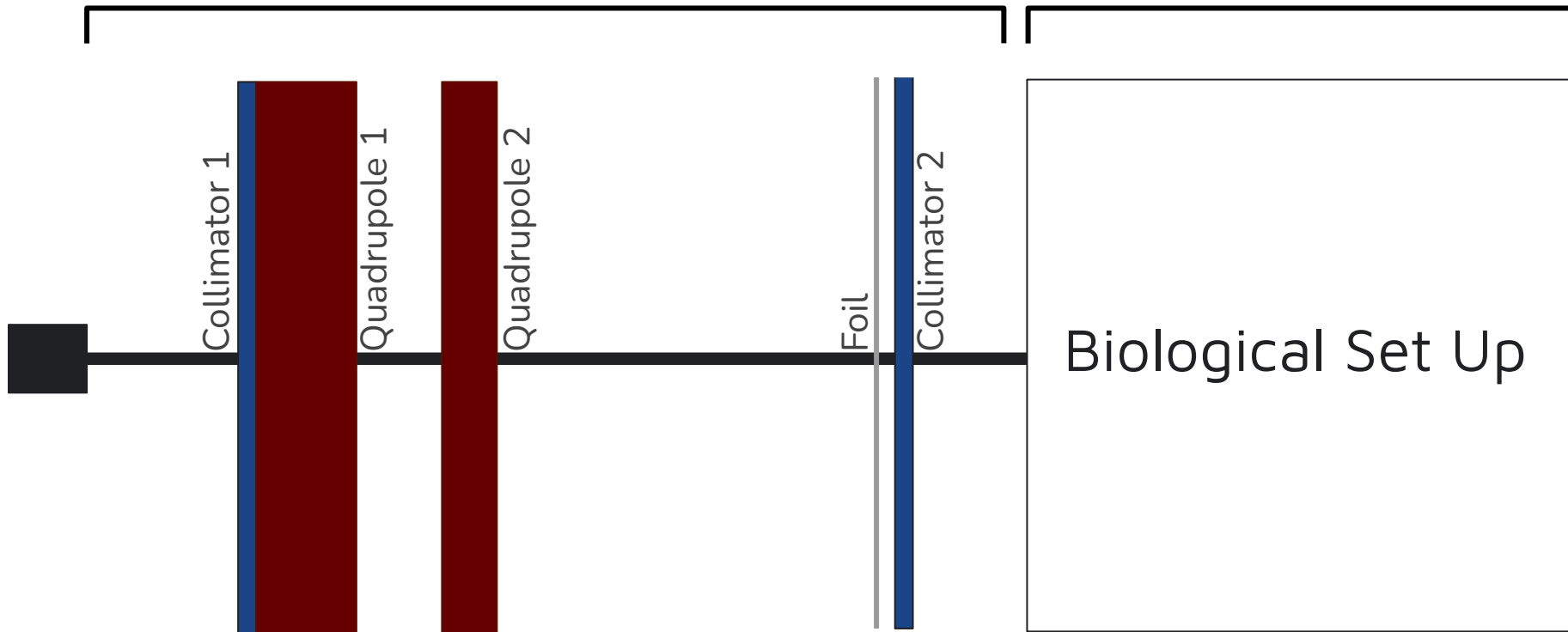
1m



PoPLaR Set-Up

1.8m

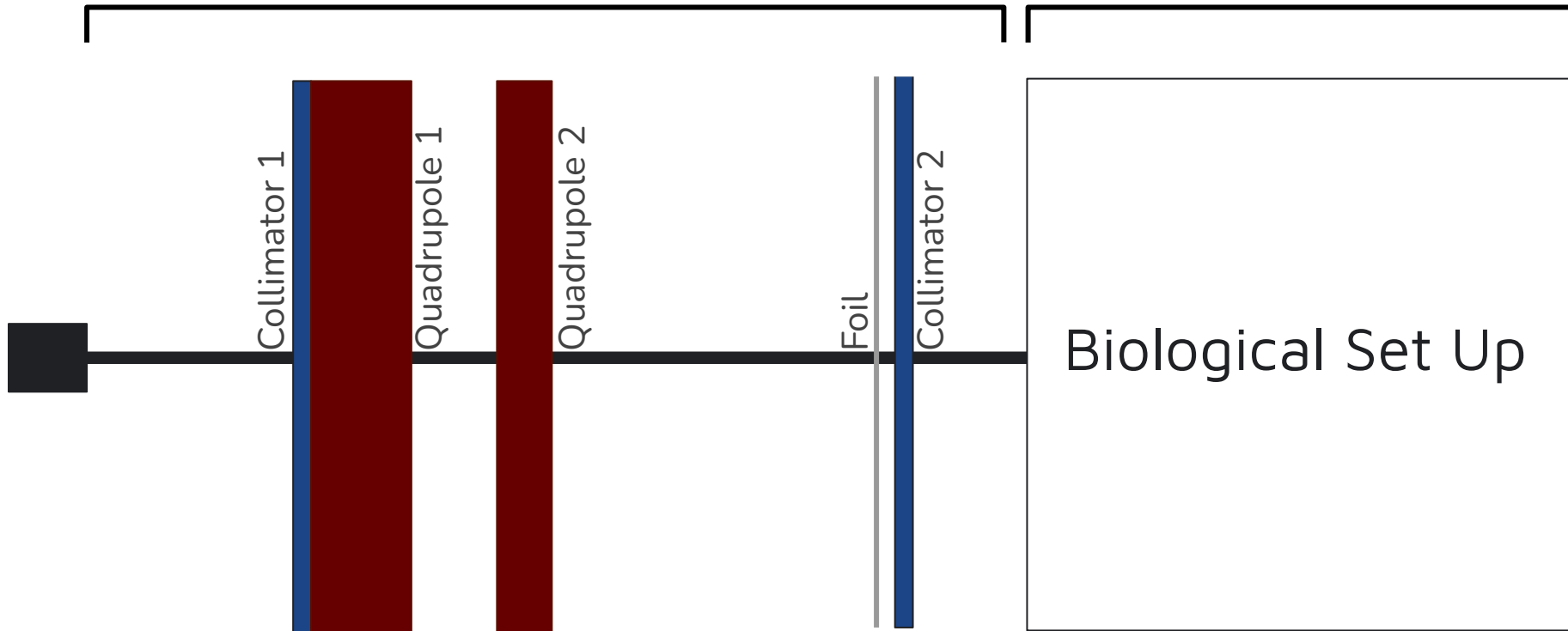
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PoPLaR Set-Up

1.8m

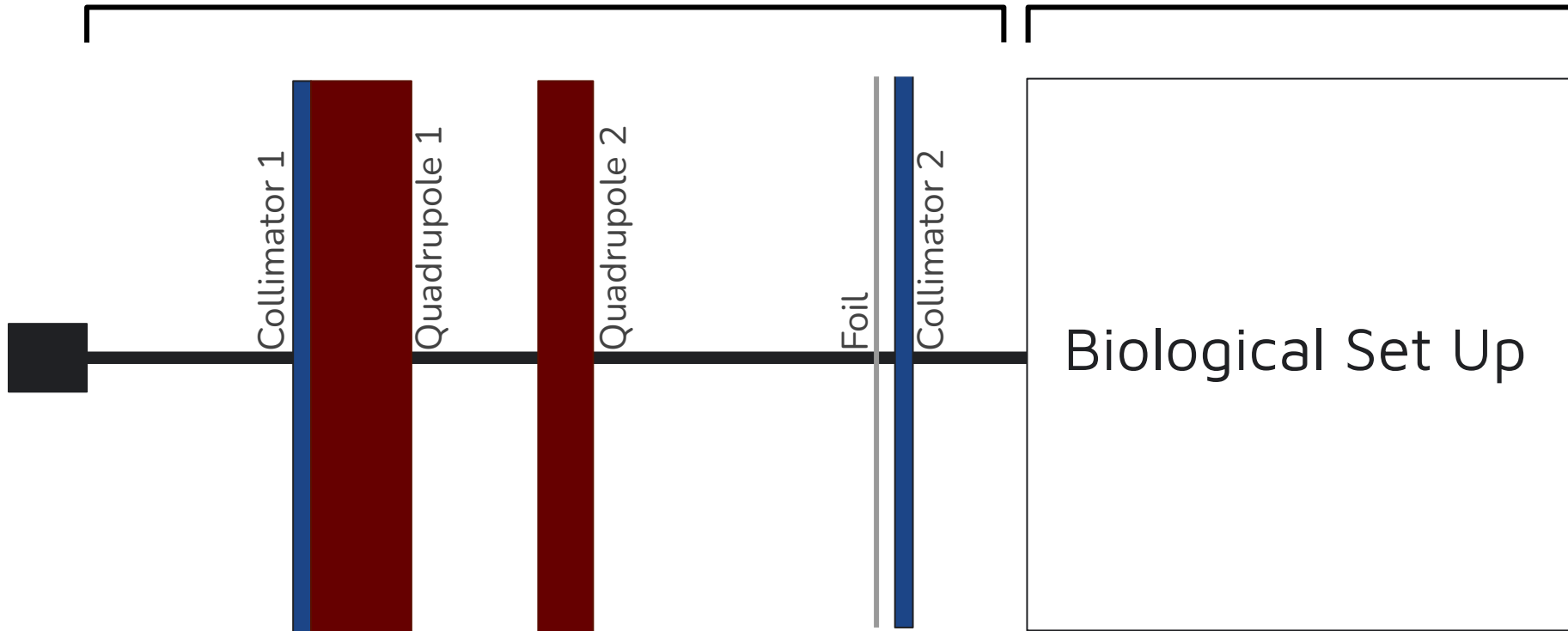
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PoPLaR Set-Up

1.8m

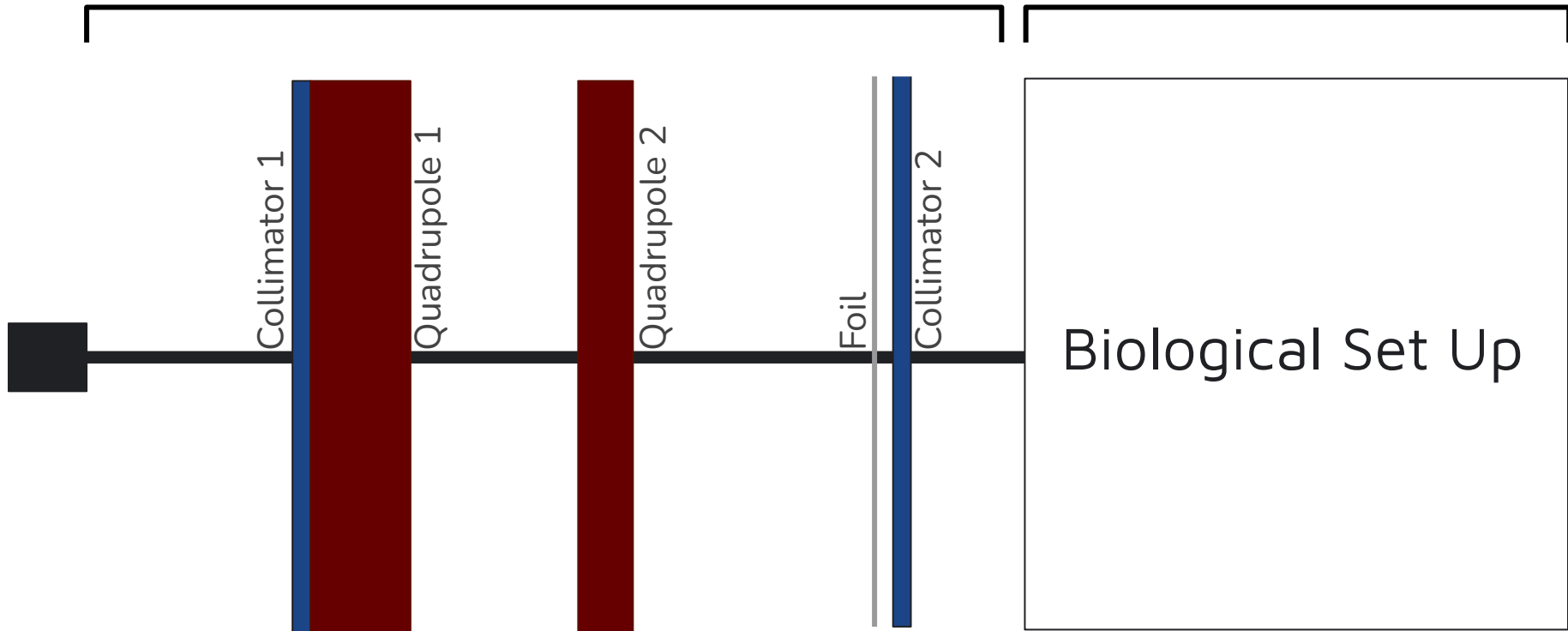
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PoPLaR Set-Up

1.8m

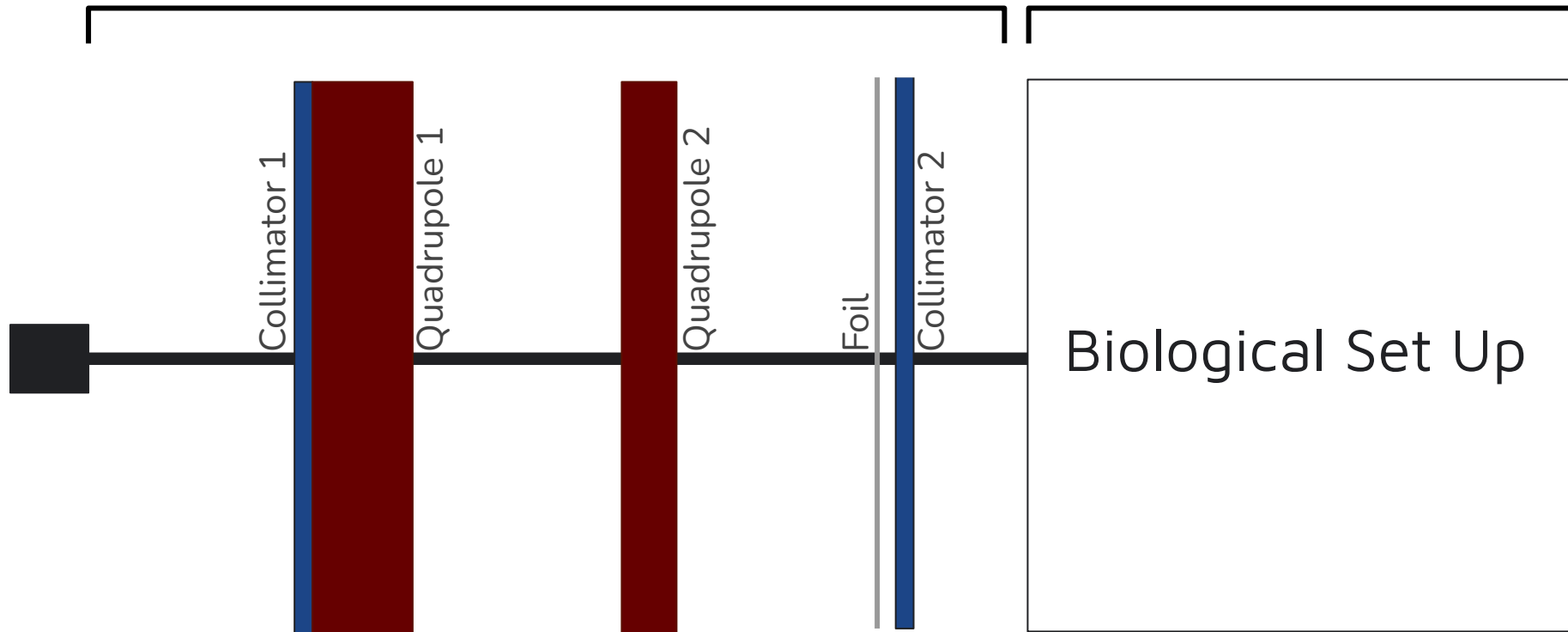
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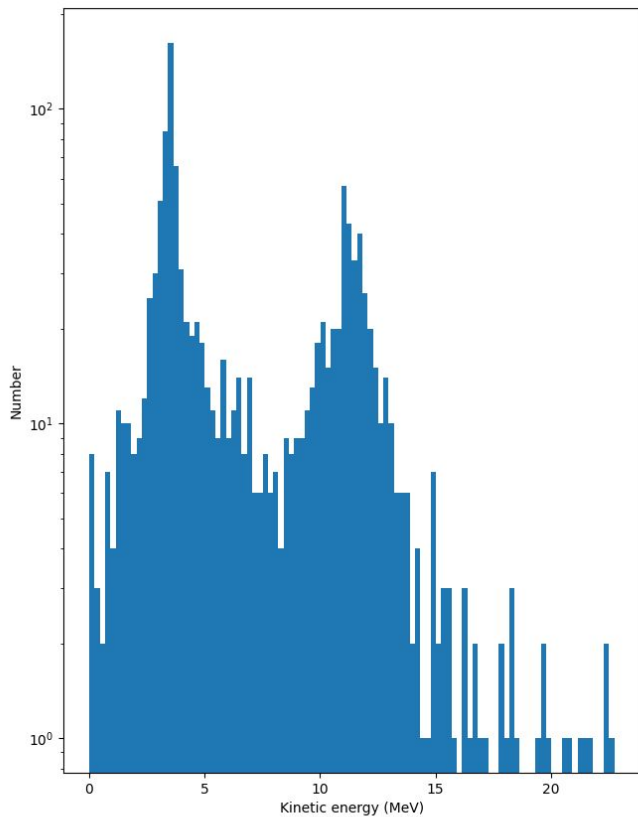
PoPLaR Set-Up

1.8m

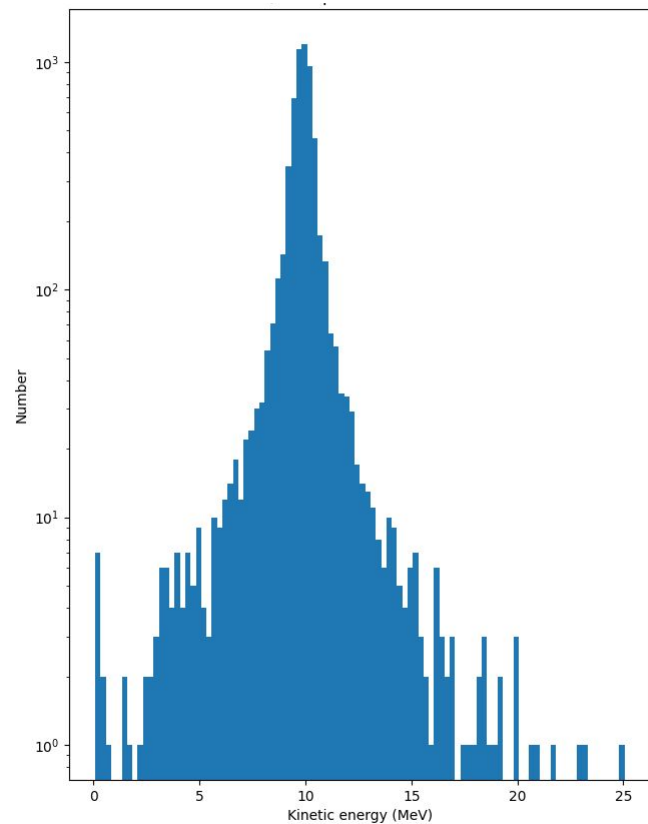
1m



Distributions

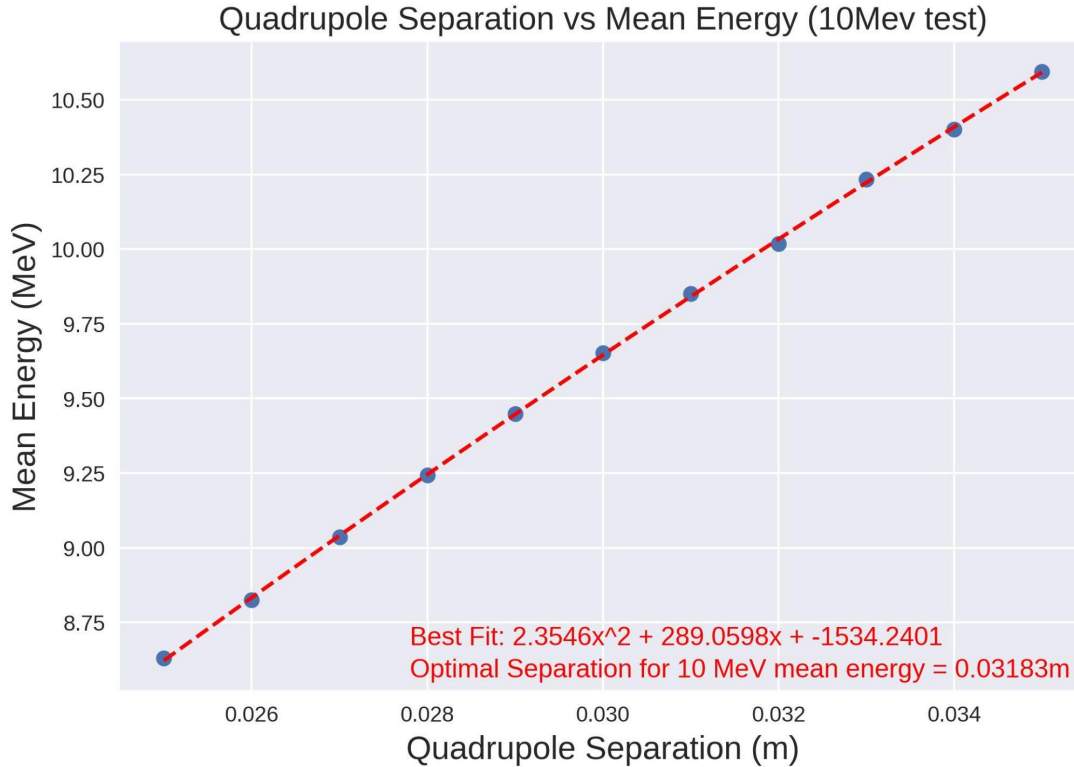


Two peak distributions



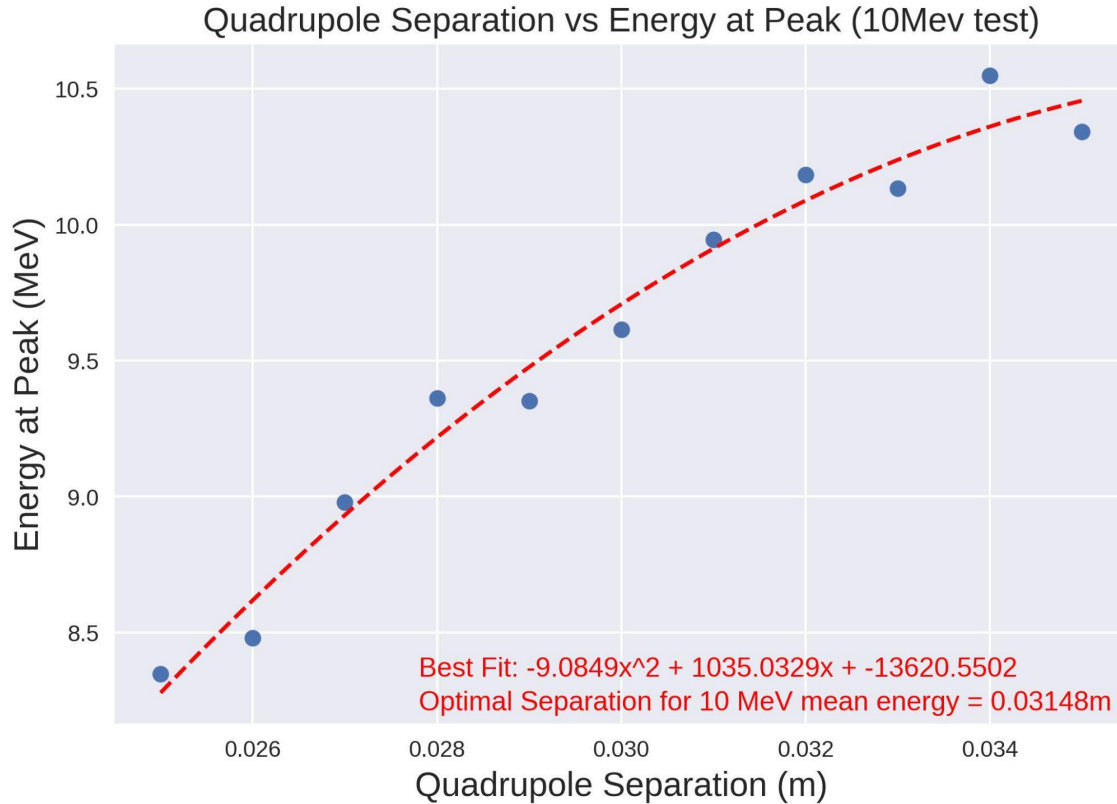
Single peak distribution

Quadrupole Separation for 10MeV (Mean)



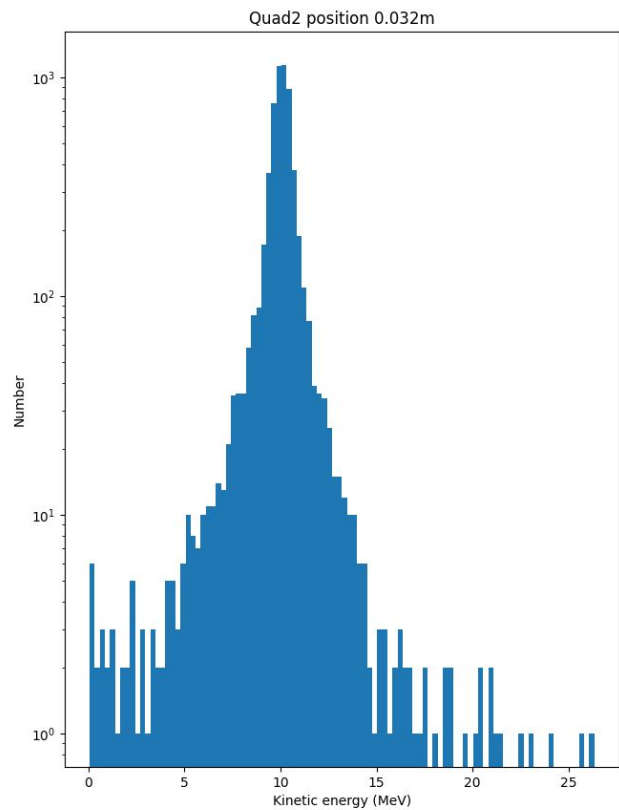
Quadrupole 1 fixed at 0.04m

Quadrupole Separation for 10MeV (Peak)

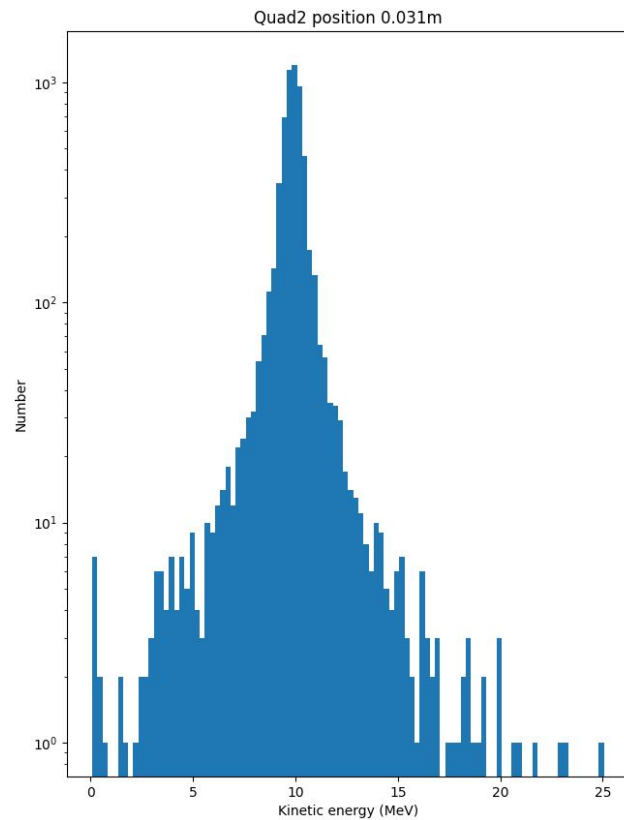


Quadrupole 1 fixed at 0.04m

Distribution for 10MeV



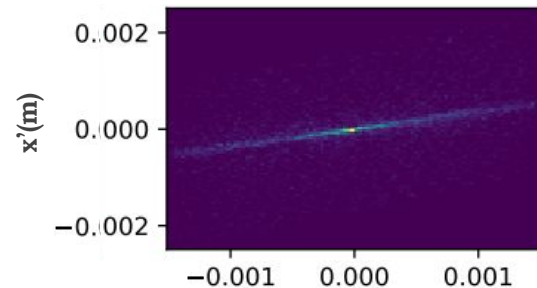
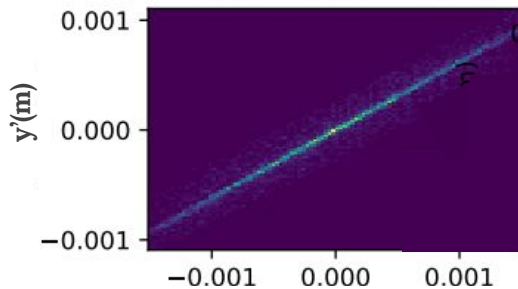
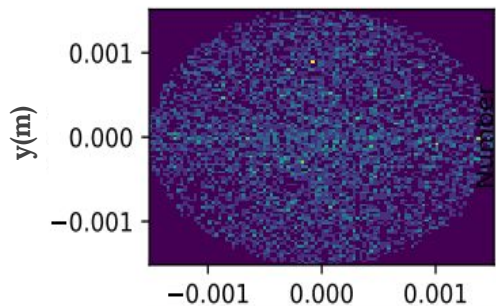
Based on Mean



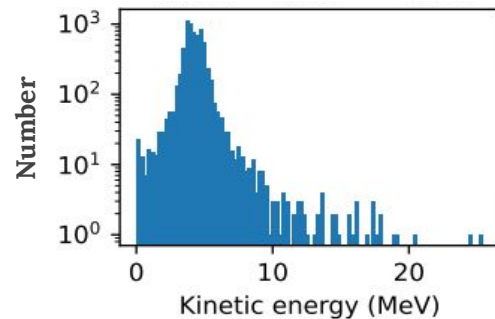
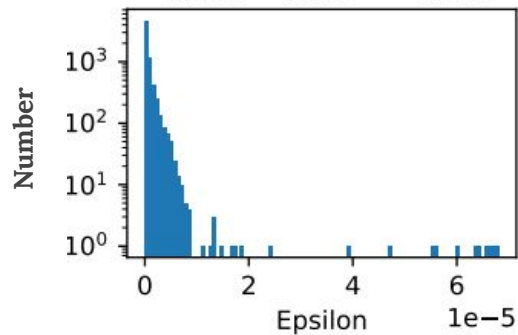
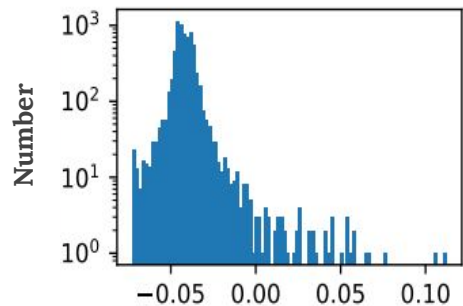
Based on Peak

Beam Properties at the Target

Beam geometrics



Beam distribution



Plans for PoPLaR

- Test quadrupole separation to find optimal position for different quadrupole options
- Investigate beam shapes for these quadrupoles
- Design biological experiment with these optimised parameter ranges
- Carry it out!!