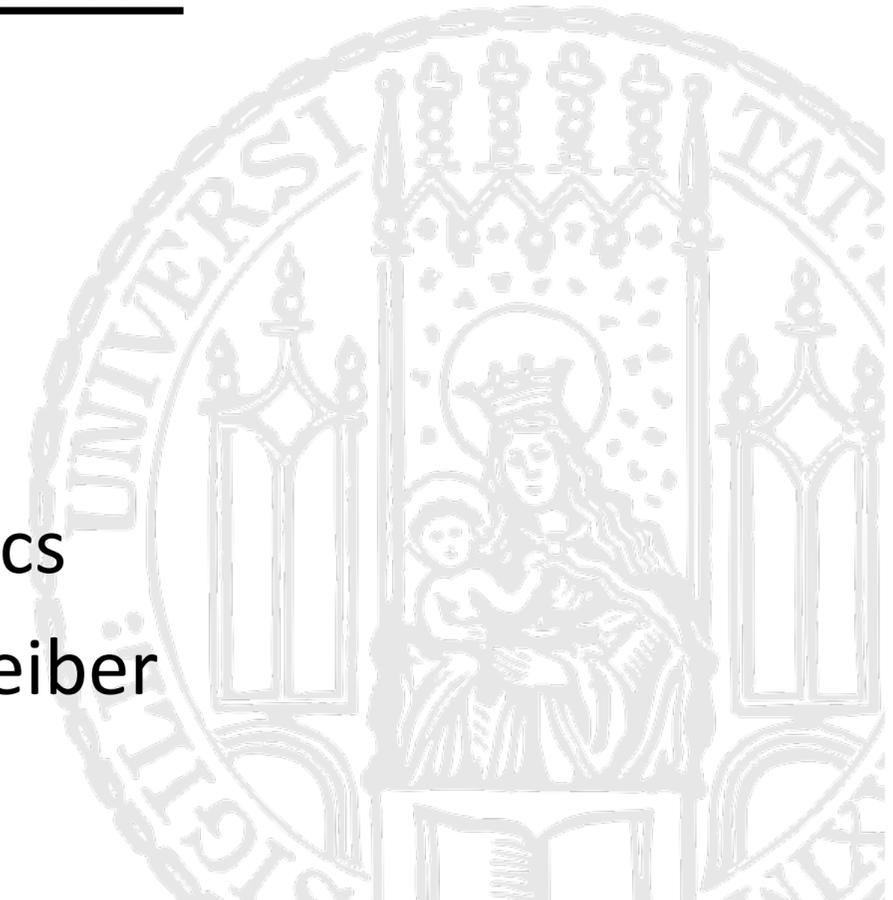


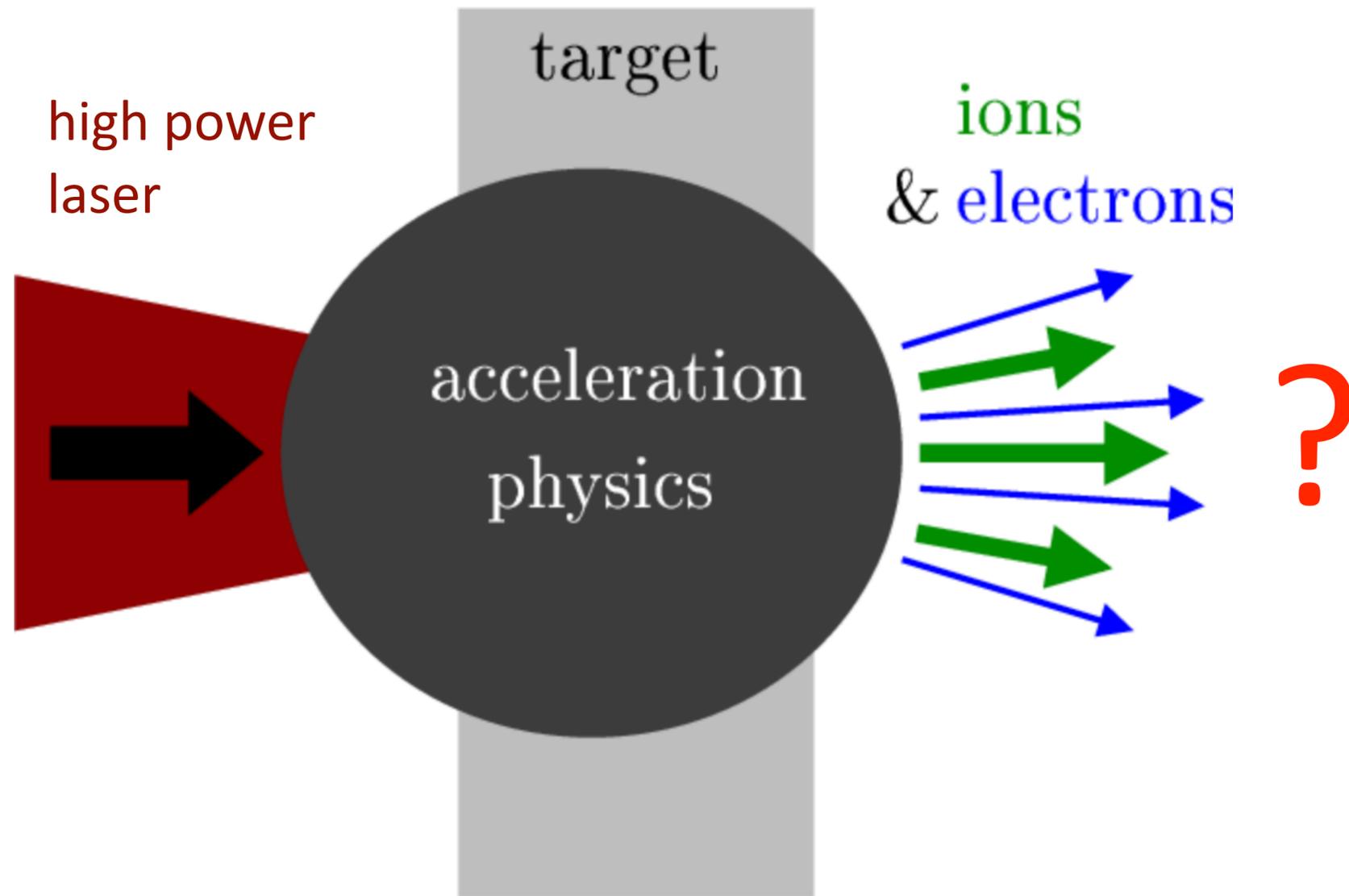
# Laser-Ion Acceleration at the Centre for Advanced Laser Applications

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September 24, 2024

Chair of Experimental Physics – Medical Physics  
Laser-Ion Acceleration Group, Prof. Dr. Jörg Schreiber





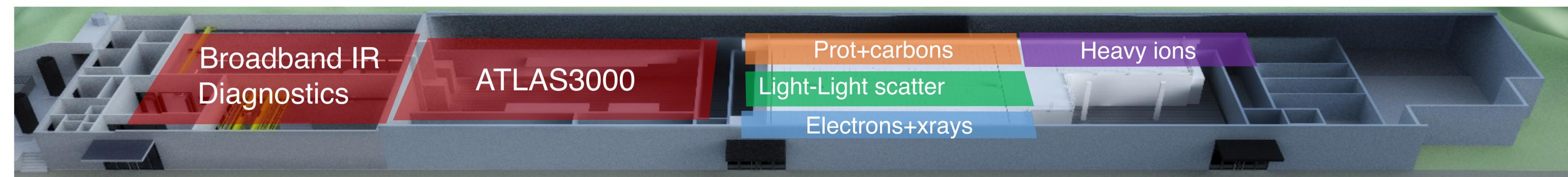
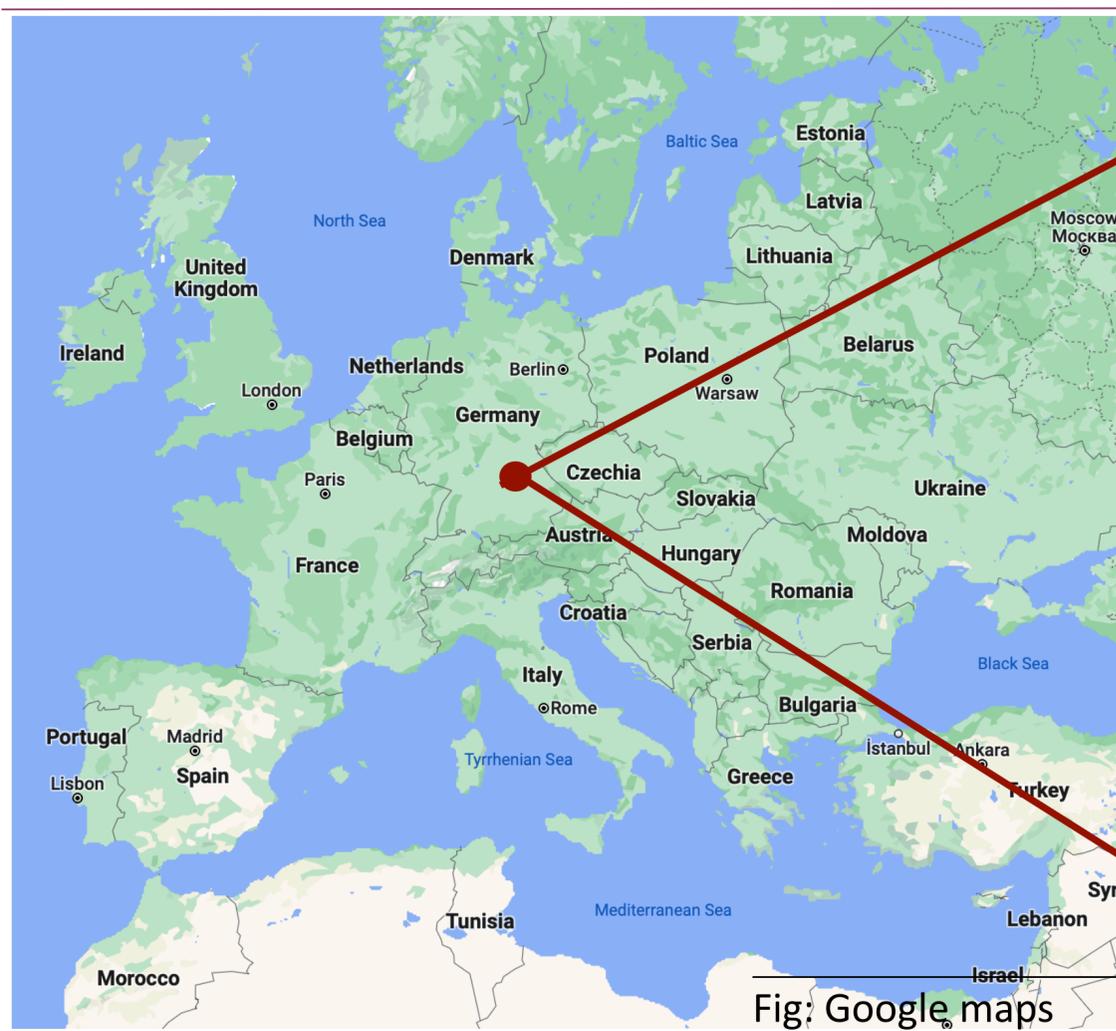
### Many interesting properties:

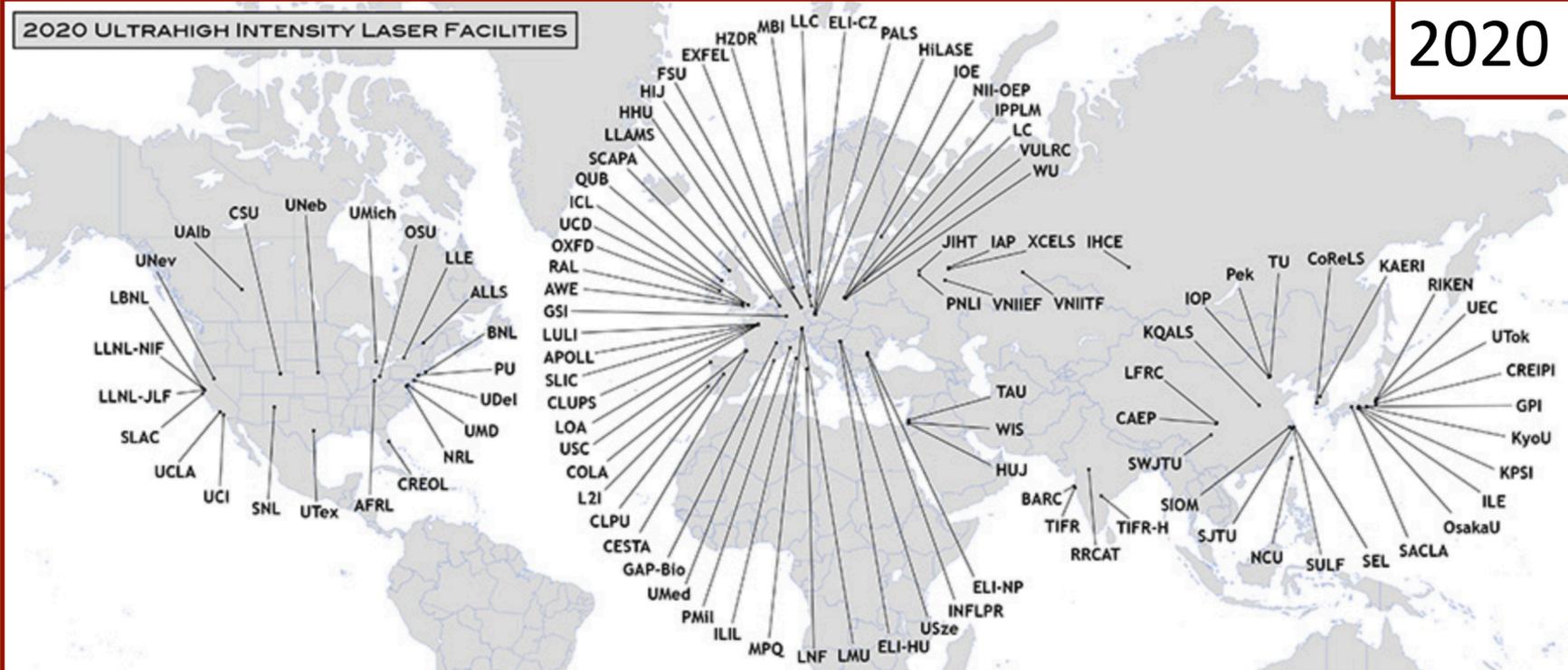
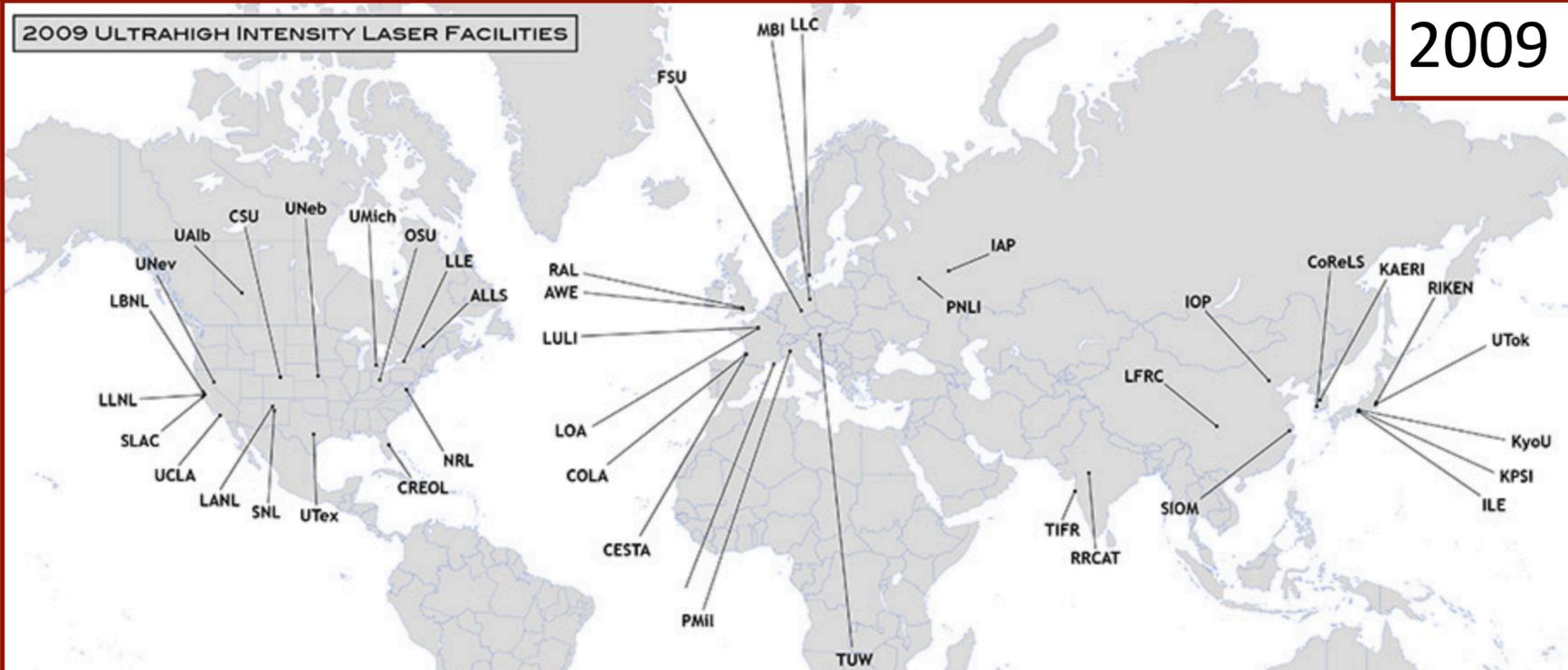
- Ultra-high peak currents
- Broad energy distribution
- multiple synchronous radiation modalities
- ...

### Many useful applications:

- Radiobiological experiments
- Probing of ultrafast processes
- Research in astrophysics
- ...

# Centre for Advanced Laser Applications (CALA)





Map:  
High power lasers with Intensities  $> 10^{19}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>

**ATLAS 3000 @ CALA:**  
Nominal power: 60 J, 25 fs -> 2.5 Petawatt  
Current power: 10 J, 25 fs -> 0.4 Petawatt  
Current Intensity: approx.  $10^{21}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>

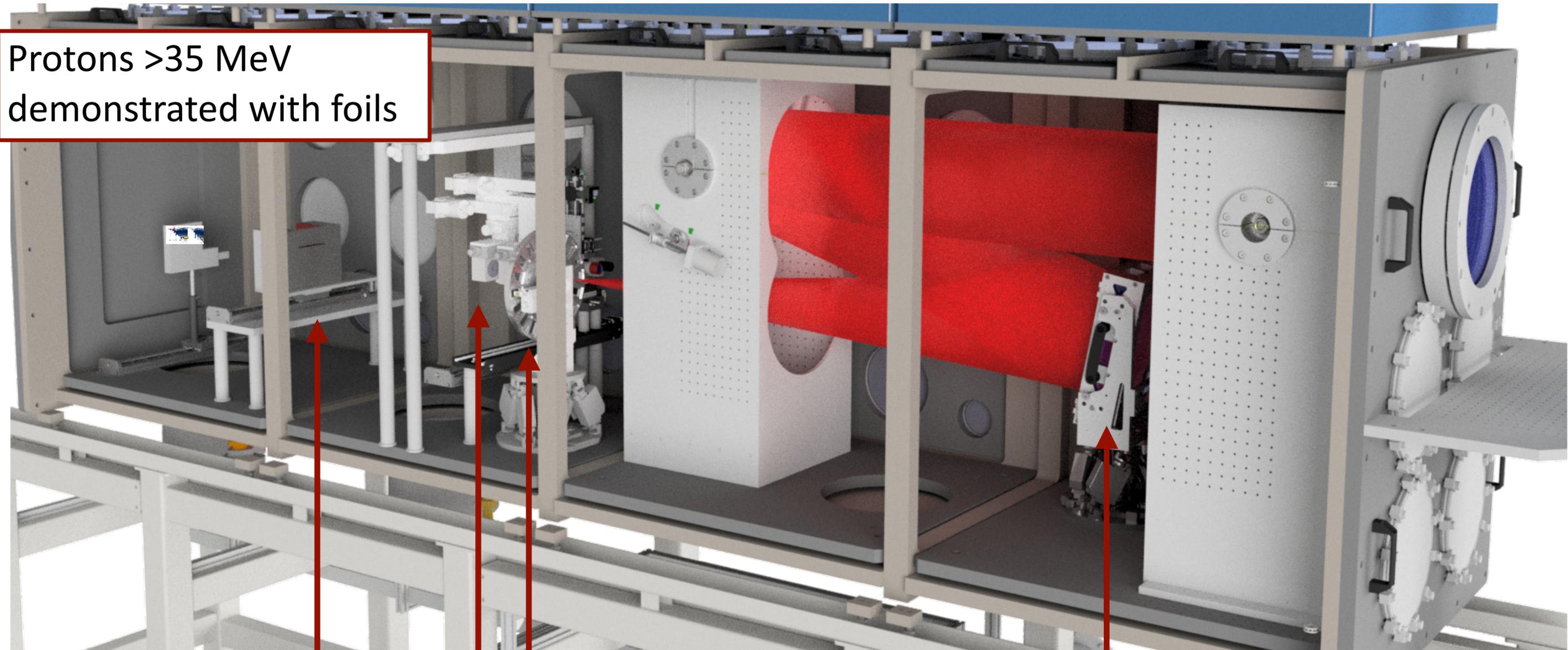
Why high Intensities?:  
 $E_{ions} \propto \sqrt{I_{Laser}}$   
Fields:  $\approx 100$  MV /  $\mu$ m

Trick:  
**Chirped Pulse Amplification**  
(Nobel prize 2018)

III. Niklas Elmehed. © Nobel Media  
Gérard Mourou Prize share: 1/4  
Donna Strickland Prize share: 1/4

Map: Courtesy of the International Committee on Ultrahigh Intensity Lasers - [www.icuil.org](http://www.icuil.org)

Protons  $>35$  MeV  
demonstrated with foils

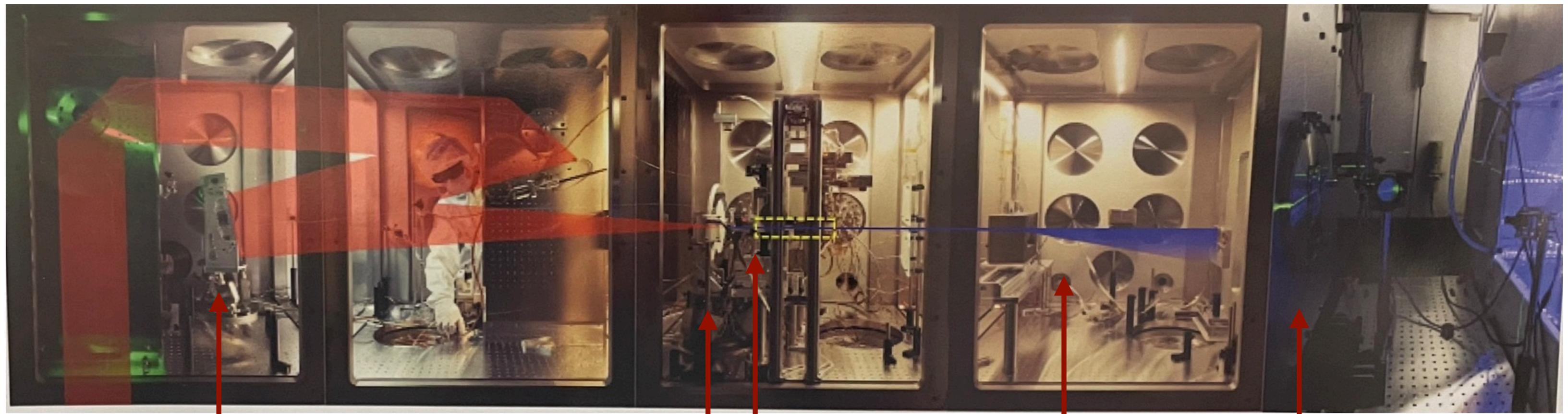


Wide-angle spectrometer  
with CMOS detector &  
calibration mask

Target positioning system  
Permanent magnet quadrupoles

f/5 off-axis parabola

# LION: Laser-ION acceleration at CALA



f/5 off-axis parabola

Permanent magnet  
quadrupoles  
Target positioning  
system

Wide-angle spectrometer  
with CMOS detector &  
calibration mask

Application  
plattform in air



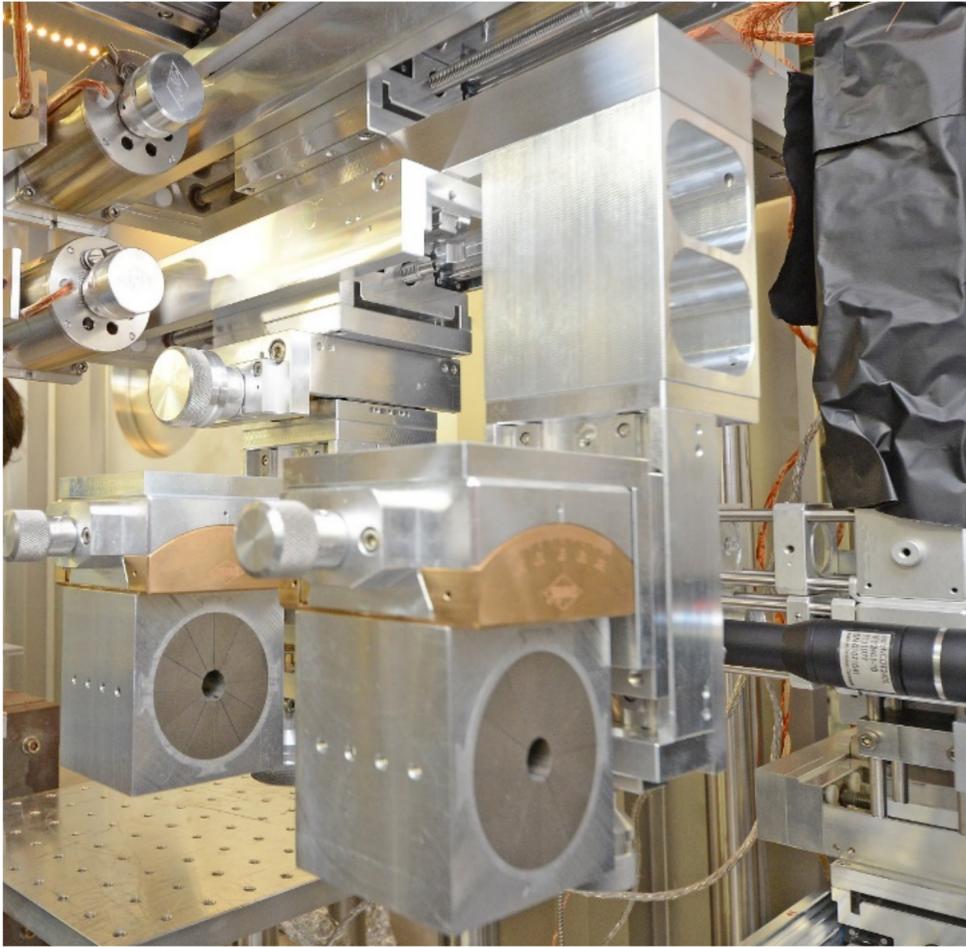
Two colliding jets form a water leaf,  
thickness: approx. 1  $\mu\text{m}$

- + More stable ion bunch properties
- + Higher amount of shots possible
- - More challenging to operate

### Beam parameters Lhara:

- 10-15 J on target, 28 fs  
-> 0.4 - 0.6 Petawatt
- Intensity: approx.  $10^{21}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>
- Rep rate: Shot on demand mode, up to approx. 0.1 Hz
- Proton cutoff Energy: 12-25 MeV

He et al submitted to PRX

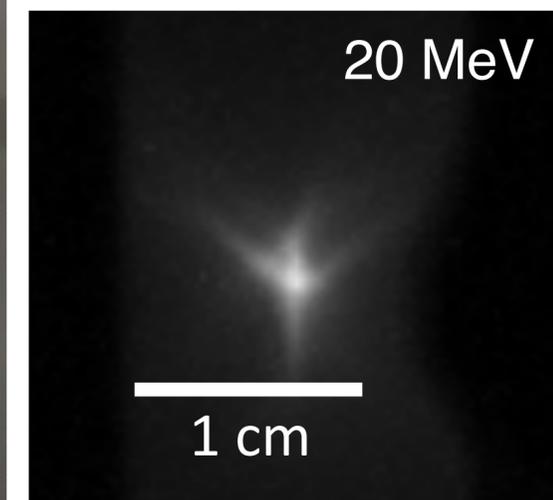
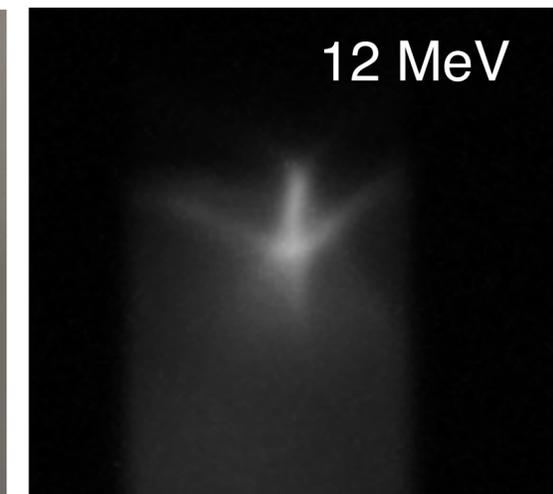
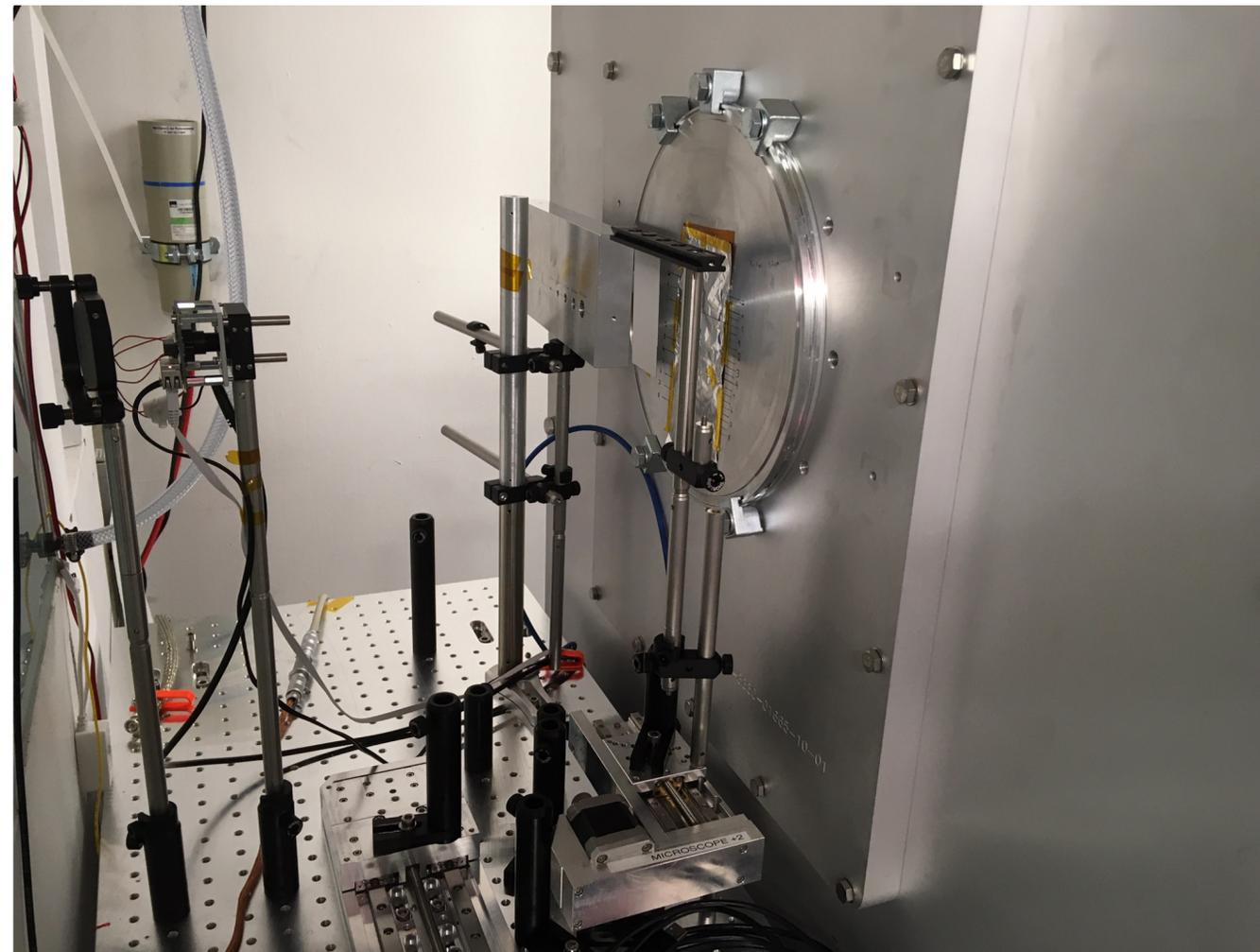


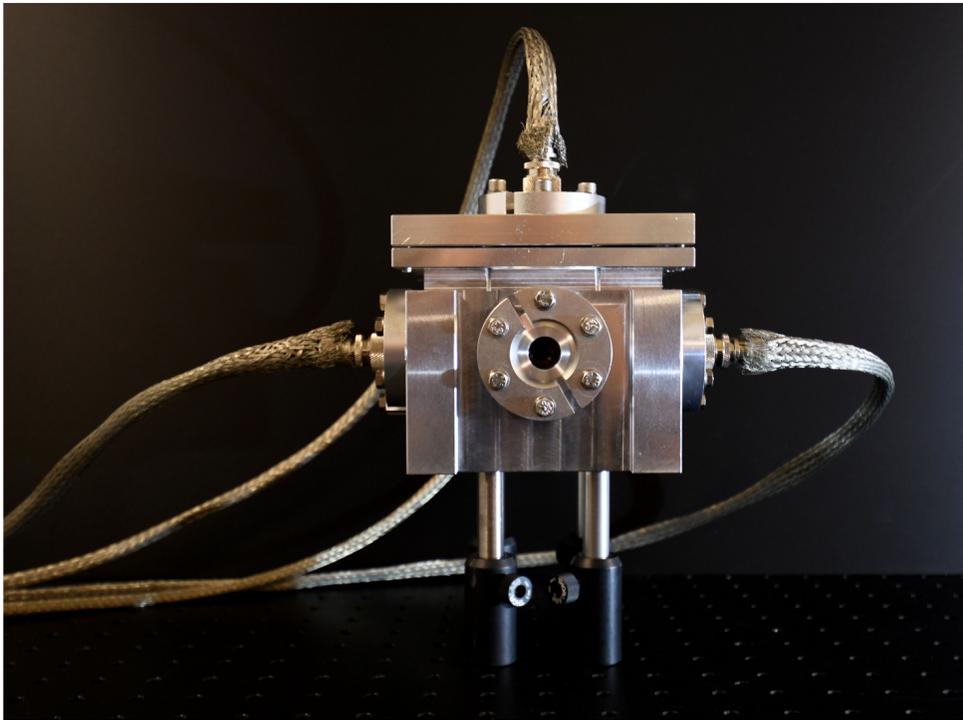
### Application platform

- 1.8 m downstream in air
- <1 mm proton foci
- Detection: Scintillator

### Permanent magnet quadrupoles

- Duplet / quadruplet available
- Magnets motorized in x/y position & rotation
- PMQ position defines transported proton energies

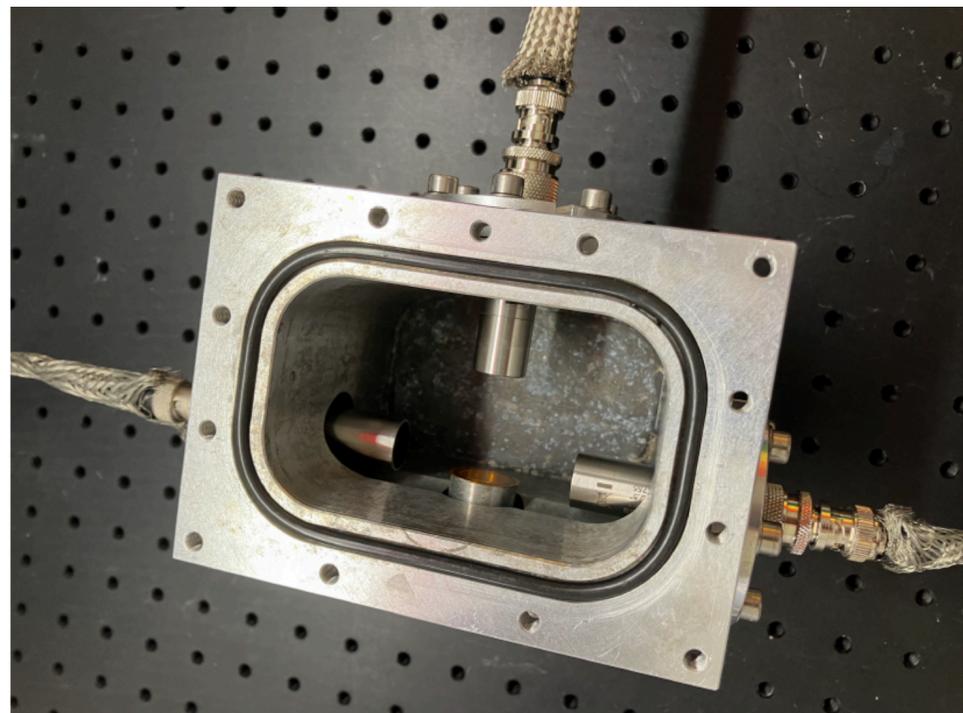




### I-BEAT 3D: Measures 3D particle bunch properties

- Energy & energy spread:  
5 MeV - 1 GeV per nucleon, sub-MeV resolution
- Lateral position and size:  
sub-mm resolution
- Particle number:  
 $10^6$ - $10^9$  per bunch

Experimentally confirmed, but not the limit...



### Additional properties:

- Radiation hard & electromagnetic pulse resistant
- Simple & cheap set-up
- Online readout & fast data analysis available

## Ludwig Maximilians University Munich:

**AG Schreiber, AG Karsch, AG Thirolf**

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G.Dedes, W. Assmann, F. Krausz+, H.  
Ruhl+, A. Friedl, M. Groß, J. Szerypo, H.  
Wirth, O. Gosau, N. Gjotev, F. Saran, G.  
Schilling

## Recent and ongoing collaborations:

**Queens University Belfast (UK):** B. Dromey+

**Texas University at Austin (US):** M. Hegelich+

**GSI Darmstadt (Germany):** B. Zielbauer, V. Bagnoud+

**TU Darmstadt (Germany):** M. Roth+, G. Schaumann,

**HZDR Dresden (Germany):** U. Schramm, M. Bussmann+

**FSU Jena (Germany):** M. Zepf, P. Hitz, +

**Peking University (China):** W. Ma+

**SIOM (China):** J. Bin

